

## CHAPTER 62-302 SURFACE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

### 62-302.400 Classification of Surface Waters, Usage, Reclassification, Classified Waters.

(1) The designated uses for all surface waters of the State are defined as follows: ~~All surface waters of the State have been have been classified according to designated uses as follows:~~

~~CLASS I — Potable Water Supplies~~

~~CLASS II — Shellfish Propagation or Harvesting~~

~~CLASS III — Recreation, Propagation and Maintenance of a Healthy, Well-Balanced Population of Fish and Wildlife~~

~~CLASS IV — Agricultural Water Supplies~~

~~CLASS V — Navigation, Utility and Industrial Use~~

(a) Human Uses:

1. Human Use 1      Protection of potable water supply suitable for human consumption (following conventional drinking water treatment methods), fish consumption, and full body contact. Maintaining a level of water quality suitable for potable water or intended to be suitable for consumption after receiving conventional drinking water treatment.
2. Human Use 2      Protection of shellfish harvesting for human consumption, fish consumption, and full body contact. Protection of shellfish consumption involves maintaining a level of water quality that will prevent unpalatable flavor or accumulation of substances harmful to human health in shellfish tissue.
3. Human Use 3      Protection of fish consumption and full body contact. Recreational uses may support prolonged and direct contact with the water, involving minimal risk of ingesting water in quantities sufficient to pose a health hazard. Protection of fish consumption involves maintaining a level of water quality that will prevent unpalatable flavor or accumulation of substances harmful to human health in fish tissue.
4. Human Use 4      Protection of fish consumption and incidental human contact. Recreational uses may result in contact with the water that is either incidental or accidental. The probability of ingestion of water is minimal.

5. Human Use 5 Protection of fish consumption, but human contact is limited or restricted due to unsafe physical conditions.
6. Human Use 6 Protection of waters for crop irrigation or consumption by livestock. Maintaining a level of water quality suitable for consumption of water by livestock or surface water withdrawal for irrigation of cropland.
7. Human Use 7 Utility and industrial uses. Maintaining a level of water quality suitable for utility and industrial purposes.

(b) Aquatic Life Uses:

1. Aquatic Life Use 1 Propagation and maintenance of exceptional aquatic communities that approximate the biological structure and function of natural background. Natural structural, functional and taxonomic integrity is preserved or approximated; structure and function similar to natural community; ecosystem level functions are fully maintained.
2. Aquatic Life Use 2 Propagation and maintenance of healthy, well-balanced aquatic community with minimal deviation of biological structure and function relative to natural background. Overall balanced distribution of all expected groups of taxa; ecosystem functions fully maintained. May have changes in biological structure evidenced by the replacement of sensitive ubiquitous taxa by more tolerant taxa.
3. Aquatic Life Use 3 Protection of an aquatic community with moderate deviation of biological structure and function relative to natural background. Changes in biological structure and function have resulted in an altered aquatic community. Represents the transition between a community characterized by sensitive or expected taxa to one characterized by tolerant taxa. Biology may be limited due to habitat limitations, hydrologic modifications, physical alterations, or other factors listed in paragraph 62-302.400(11)(c), F.A.C.
4. Aquatic Life Use 4 Protection of an aquatic community with substantial deviation of biological structure and function relative to natural background. Substantial changes in biological structure and

function have resulted in a limited aquatic community. Community consists primarily of tolerant taxa able to survive and propagate under adverse or variable environmental conditions. Biology may be limited due to extreme habitat limitations, hydrologic modifications, physical alterations, or other factors listed in paragraph 62-302.400(11)(c), F.A.C.

(2) Classification of a water body according to a particular designated use or uses does not preclude use of the water for other purposes.

(3) The specific water quality criteria corresponding to each surface water classification are listed in Sections Rules 62-302.500 and 62-302.530, F.A.C.

(4) Water quality classifications are arranged in order of the degree of protection required, with Human Use 1 and Aquatic Life Use 1 Class I waters having generally the most stringent water quality criteria and Human Use 7 and Aquatic Life Use 4 Class V the least. ~~However, Class I, II, and III surface waters share water quality criteria established to protect recreation and the propagation and maintenance of a healthy, well-balanced population of fish and wildlife.~~

(5) Criteria applicable to a classification are designed to maintain the minimum conditions necessary to assure the suitability of water for the designated use of the classification. In addition, applicable criteria are generally adequate to maintain minimum conditions required for the designated uses of less stringently regulated classifications. Therefore, unless clearly inconsistent with the criteria applicable, the designated uses of less stringently regulated classifications shall be deemed to be included within the designated uses of more stringently regulated classifications.

(6) Any person regulated by the Department or having a substantial interest in this Chapter may seek reclassification of waters of the State by filing a petition with the Secretary in the form required by Section 120.57, F.S.

(7) A petition for reclassification shall reference and be accompanied by the information necessary to support the affirmative finding required in this Section to support the proposed reclassification.

(8) All reclassifications of waters of the State shall be adopted, after public notice (including notification to affected local governments) and public hearing, only upon ~~an~~ affirmative findings by the Environmental Regulation Commission that:

(a) The proposed reclassification will establish the present and future most beneficial use of the waters; and

(b) Such a reclassification is clearly in the public interest after consideration of any resolutions submitted by city or county commissions where the waters are located; and

(c) The demonstrations required under paragraphs (10) and (11) below are met.

(9) Reclassification petitions shall adequately address the requirements contained in Section 62-302.400, F.A.C., as well as the DEP document titled, "Technical Support Document: Requirements for Reclassifying the Designated Uses of Florida Surface Waters and Conducting Use Attainability Analyses" (DEP/SAS/xxx/09), incorporated by reference herein.

~~(10) (9)~~ If petitioning for a more stringent classification, the petitioner shall include in the reclassification documentation appropriate and scientifically defensible water quality, biological, hydrological, and habitat studies and analyses, as well as environmental, technological, social, and economic studies, including costs to small businesses and local governments, as necessary to demonstrate ~~Reclassification of waters of the State which establishes more stringent criteria than presently established by this Chapter shall be adopted, only upon additional affirmative finding by the Environmental Regulation Commission that the proposed designated use is attainable, upon consideration of environmental, technological, social, economic, and institutional factors. For existing artificial water bodies, the petitioner must include a demonstration that the water quality standards associated with the proposed classification can be attained while maintaining the purpose for which the water body was constructed, or otherwise demonstrate that the purpose for the original construction is no longer needed.~~

(11) If petitioning for a less stringent classification, the petitioner shall include in the reclassification documentation appropriate and scientifically defensible water quality, biological, hydrological, and habitat studies and analyses, as well as environmental, technological, social, and economic studies, including costs to small businesses and local governments, as necessary to demonstrate that:

(a) None of the uses being removed are existing uses and removal of the use will not result in the nonattainment of the present and future most beneficial uses of downstream waters; and

(b) The uses to be removed will not be attained by implementing effluent limits required by Sections 301(b) and 306 of the Federal Clean Water Act in conjunction with implementation of cost-effective and reasonable best management requirements for nonpoint source pollution control; and

(c) One or more of the following situations occur:

1. Naturally occurring pollutant concentrations prevent the attainment of the use; or

2. Natural, ephemeral, intermittent or low flow conditions or water levels prevent the attainment of the use, unless these conditions may be compensated for by the discharge of sufficient volume of effluent discharges without violating State water conservation requirements to enable uses to be met; or

3. Human caused conditions or sources of pollution prevent the attainment of the use and cannot be remedied or would cause more environmental damage to correct than to leave in place; or

4. Dams, channelization, diversions, flood control pumps or other types of hydrologic modifications preclude the attainment of the use, and it is not feasible to restore the water body to its original condition or to operate such a modified waterbody in a way that would result in the attainment of the use; or

5. Conditions related to the physical features of the water body, such as the lack of proper habitat, aquatic substrate, hydrologic regime, or physical morphology, unrelated to water quality, preclude attainment of the use; or

6. Controls more stringent than those required by sections 301(b) and 306 of the Federal Clean Water Act would result in substantial and widespread economic and social impact; and

(d) For existing artificial water bodies, the water quality standards associated with the proposed classification support the purpose for which the water body was constructed, or otherwise demonstrate that the purpose for the original construction is no longer needed.

(12) Nothing contained in paragraphs (6) through (11) above shall be deemed to pre-empt or prohibit the adoption, continuation or enforcement of more stringent requirements that are established by a local government through a local environmental program approved by the Department pursuant to section 403.182, F.S.

(13) (10) The surface waters of the State of Florida are classified as Human Use 3 and Aquatic Life Use 2 Class III – Recreation, Propagation and Maintenance of a Healthy, Well-Balanced Population of Fish and Wildlife, except for certain waters which are described in Subsection 62-302.400(14), F.A.C. this Rule 62-302.400(12). In addition to its designated human and aquatic life use, a A water body may also be designated as an Outstanding Florida Water or an Outstanding National Resource Water in addition to being classified as Class I, Class II, or Class III. Outstanding Florida Water and Outstanding National Resource Water designations are not designated use classifications. A water body may also have special standards applied to it. Outstanding Florida Waters and Outstanding National Resource Waters are listed in Section Rule 62-302.700, F.A.C.

(14) (11) Unless otherwise specified, the following shall apply:

(a) The landward extent of a classification shall coincide with the landward extent of waters of the state, as defined in Section Rule 62-340.600, F.A.C.

(b) Water quality classifications shall be interpreted to include associated water bodies such as tidal creeks, coves, bays and bayous.

(15) (12) Exceptions to Human Use 3 and Aquatic Life Use 2: Class III:

(a) All secondary and tertiary canals wholly within agricultural areas are classified as Human Use 6 Class IV and are not individually listed as exceptions to Human Use 3 and Aquatic Life Use 2 Class III. "Secondary and tertiary canals" shall mean any wholly artificial canal or ditch which is behind a control structure and which is part of a water control system that is connected to the works (set forth in Section 373.086, F.S.) of a water management district created under Section 373.069, F.S., and that is permitted by such water management district pursuant to Section 373.103, Section 373.413, or Section 373.416, F.S. Agricultural areas shall generally include lands actively used solely for the production of food and fiber which are zoned for agricultural use where county zoning is in effect. Agricultural areas exclude lands which are platted and subdivided or in a transition phase to residential use;

(b) The following listed water bodies are classified as different from Human Use 3 or Human Use 6. Unless otherwise specified, all these waterbodies are classified as Aquatic Life Use 2, Class I, Class II, or Class V:

1. Alachua County - none.
2. Baker County - none.
3. Bay County

Human Use 1 Class I

Bayou George and Creek - Impoundment to source.

Bear Creek - Impoundment to source.

Big Cedar Creek - Impoundment to source.

Deer Point Impoundment - Dam to source.

Econfina Creek - Upstream of Deer Point Impoundment.

Human Use 2 Class-II

East Bay and Tributaries - East of U.S. Highway 98 to, but excluding Wetappo Creek.

North Bay and Tributaries - North of U.S. Highway 98 to Deer Point Dam excluding Alligator Bayou and Fanning Bayous north of an east-west line through Channel Marker 3.

West Bay and Tributaries - West of North Bay (line from West Bay Point on the north to Shell Point on the South) except West Bay Creek (northwest of Channel Marker 27C off Goose Point), Crooked Creek (north of a line from Crooked Creek Point to Doyle Point), and Burnt Mill Creek (north of a line from Graze Point to Cedar Point).

4. Bradford County - none.

5. Brevard County

Human Use 1 Class-I

St. Johns River and Tributaries - Lake Washington Dam south through and including Sawgrass Lake, Lake Hellen Blazes, to Indian River County Line.

Human Use 2 Class-II

Goat Creek.

Indian River - South from a line due east of Barnes Blvd. (SR 502) to South Section Line of Section 29, T26S, R37E, Palm Shores.

Indian River - From a line from Cape Malabar northeastward through Intracoastal Waterway marker 16, to shore, then southward to S. Brevard county line.

Indian River - N. Brevard County Line south to Florida East Coast Railroad Crossing (vicinity of Jay Jay).

Kid Creek.

Mosquito Lagoon - North Brevard County Line south to Beach Road

Trout Creek.

Indian River - The east side of the Intracoastal Waterway from SR 405 northward, to a line from the southern point of land at the mouth of Brock Creek to Intracoastal Waterway Channel Marker 33.

Indian River - From SR 405 south to SR 528.

6. Broward County – none.

7. Calhoun County

Human Use 1 Class-I

Bear Creek

Econfina Creek

8. Charlotte County

Human Use 1 Class-I

Alligator Creek - North and South Prongs from headwaters to the water control structure downstream of SR 765-A.

Port Charlotte Canal System - Surface waters lying upstream of, or directly connected to, Fordham Waterway upstream of Conway Boulevard.

Prairie Creek - DeSoto County Line and headwaters to Shell Creek.  
Shell Creek - Headwaters to Hendrickson Dam (east of Myrtle Slough, in Section 20, T40S, R24E).

Human Use 2 Class II

Lemon Bay, Placida Harbor, and Tributaries - N. Charlotte County Line south to Gasparilla Sound and bounded on the east by SR 775.  
Charlotte Harbor, Myakka River, and Gasparilla Sound - Waters except Peace River upstream from the northeastern point of Myakka Cutoff to the boat ramp in Ponce de Leon Park in south Punta Gorda, Catfish Creek north of N. Lat. 26° 50'56", and Whidden Creek north of N. Lat 26° 51'15".

9. Citrus County

Human Use 2 Class II

Coastal Waters - From the southern side of the Cross Florida Barge Canal southward to the Hernando County line, with the exception of Crystal River (from the southern shore at the mouth of Cedar Creek to Shell Point to the westernmost tip of Fort Island), Salt River (portion generally east and southward along the eastern edge of the islands bordering the Salt River and Dixie Bay to St. Martins River), and St. Martins River from its mouth to Greenleaf Bay.

10. Clay County - none.

11. Collier County

Human Use 2 Class II

Cocohatchee River.

Connecting Waterways - From Wiggins Pass south to Outer Doctors Bay. Dollar Bay.

Inner and Outer Clam Bay.

Inner and Outer Doctors Bay.

Little Hickory Bay.

Tidal Bays and Passes - Naples Bay and south and easterly through Rookery Bay and the Ten Thousand Islands to the Monroe County Line.

Wiggins Pass.

12. Columbia County - none.

13. Dade County - none.

14. DeSoto County

Human Use 1 Class I

Horse Creek - From the northern border of Section 14, T38S, R23E, southward to Peace River.

Prairie Creek - Headwaters to Charlotte County Line.

15. Dixie County

Human Use 2 Class II

Coastal Waters - From an east-west line through Stuart Point southward to the County line, excluding the mouth of the Suwannee River and its passes.

16. Duval County

Human Use 2 Class II

Ft. George River and Simpson Creeks - Ft. George Inlet north to Nassau Sound.  
Intracoastal Waterway and Tributaries - Confluence of Nassau and Amelia Rivers south to Flashing Marker 73 thence eastward along Ft. George River to Ft. George Inlet and includes Garden Creek.  
Nassau River and Creek - From the mouth of Nassau Sound, (a line connecting the northeastermost point of Little Talbot Island to the southeastermost tip of Amelia Island westerly to a north-south line through Seymore Point.  
Pumpkinhill Creek.

17. Escambia County

Human Use 2 Class II

Escambia Bay - Louisville and Nashville Railroad Trestle south to Pensacola Bay (Line from Emanuel Point east northeasterly to Garcon Point).

Pensacola Bay - East of a line connecting Emanuel Point on the north to the south end of the Pensacola Bay Bridge (U.S. Highway 98).

Santa Rosa Sound - East of a line connecting Gulf Breeze approach to Pensacola Beach (Bascule Bridge), and Sharp Point with exception of the Navarre Beach area from a north-south line through Channel Marker 106 to Navarre Bridge.

18. Flagler County

Human Use 2 Class II

Matanzas River (Intracoastal Waterway) - N. Flagler County Line south to an east-west line through Fl. Marker 109.

Pellicer Creek.

19. Franklin County

Human Use 2 Class II

Alligator Harbor - East from a line from Peninsula Point north to St. James Island to mean high water.

Apalachicola Bay - with exception of an area encompassed within a 2-mile radius from Apalachicola entrance of John Gorrie Memorial Bridge.

East Bay and Tributaries - with the exception of area encompassed within 2-mile radius from Apalachicola entrance of John Gorrie Memorial Bridge.

Gulf of Mexico - North of a line from Peninsula Point on Alligator Point to the southeastern tip of Dog Island and bounded on the east by Alligator Harbor and west by St. George Sound.

Ochlockonee Bay - From the confluence of Sopchoppy and Ochlockonee Rivers eastward to a line through the two flashing beacons marking the end of the main channel and south channel, to the shoreline south of Bald Point., north to the county line.

St. George Sound - Gulf of Mexico westerly to Apalachicola Bay.

St. Vincent Sound - Apalachicola Bay to Indian Pass.

20. Gadsden County

Human Use 1 Class I

Holman Branch - SR 270-A to source.

- Mosquito Creek - U.S. Highway 90 north to Florida State Line.  
Quincy Creek - SR 65 to source.
21. Gilchrist County - none.  
22. Glades County  
Human Use 1 Class-I
- Lake Okeechobee.  
23. Gulf County  
Human Use 2 Class-II
- Indian Lagoon - West of Indian Pass and St. Vincent Sound.  
St. Joseph Bay - South of a line from St. Joseph Point due east, excluding an area that is both within an arc 2.9 miles from the center of the mouth of Gulf County Canal and east of a line from St. Joseph Point to the northwest corner of section 13, T8S, R11W.
24. Hamilton County - none.  
25. Hardee County - none.  
26. Hendry County  
Human Use 1 Class-I
- Lake Okeechobee.  
27. Hernando County - none.  
28. Highlands County - none.  
29. Hillsborough County  
Human Use 1 Class-I
- Cow House Creek - Hillsborough River to source.  
Hillsborough River - City of Tampa Water Treatment Plant Dam to Flint Creek.  
Human Use 2 Class-II
- Old Tampa Bay - Waters within Hillsborough County between SR 60 (Courtney Campbell Parkway), and Interstate 275 (Howard Frankland Bridge), to the line of mean high water.  
Old Tampa Bay and Mobbly Bay - Beginning at the intersection of the north shore of SR 60 (Courtney Campbell Parkway) and Longitude 82°35'45" west, thence due north to the line of mean high water, thence westward along the line of mean high water, (except Rocky and Double Branch Creeks which are included only to SR 580), and up Channel A to a line connecting the lines of mean high water on the outer sides of the canal banks, to the county line, thence southerly along the county line to SR 60, thence along the north shore of SR 60 to the point of beginning.  
Tampa Bay - Beginning at Gadsden Point, thence along a line connecting Gadsden Point and the intersection of Gadsden Point Cut and Cut "A" to a point one-half nautical mile inside said intersection, thence westward along a line one-half nautical mile inside and parallel to Gadsden Point Cut, Cut "G", Cut "J", Cut "J2", and Cut "K", to the line of mean high water, thence along the line of mean high water to the point of beginning.  
Tampa Bay - Beginning at the intersection of the Hillsborough County Line and the line of mean high water, thence to the rear range marker of Cut "D", thence northerly along the line of Cut "D" range to a point one-half

nautical mile inside the southern boundary of Cut "C", thence along a line one-half mile inside and parallel to Cut "C", Cut "D", and Cut "E" to a point with Latitude 27°45'40" north and Longitude 82°30'40" west, thence to a point Latitude 27°47' north and Longitude 82°27' west, thence on a true bearing of 140° to the line of mean high water, thence along the line of mean high water southward to the western tip of Mangrove Point, thence to the northwestern tip of Tropical Island, thence eastward along the line of mean high water to the eastern tip of Goat Island, thence due south to the line of mean high water, thence generally southward along the line of mean high water to the point of beginning.

Tampa Bay - Hillsborough County portion west of the Sunshine Skyway (excluding Tampa Harbor Channel) up to the line of mean high water.

30. Holmes County - none.

31. Indian River County

Human Use 1 Class-I

St. Johns River and Tributaries - Brevard County Line south through and including Blue Cypress Lake to SR 60.

Human Use 2 Class-II

Indian River - Indian River County Line south to SR 510 east of the Intracoastal Waterway channel centerline.

Indian River - SR 510 south to an east-west line from the north side of the North Relief Canal.

Indian River - From an east-west line through the northernmost point of Round Island south to county line and east of Intracoastal Waterway centerline.

32. Jackson County

Human Use 1 Class-I

Econfina Creek - Bay County Line to source.

33. Jefferson County

Human Use 2 Class-II

Coastal Waters - Within the county, excluding the mouth of Aucilla River.

34. Lafayette County - none.

35. Lake County - none.

36. Lee County

Human Use 1 Class-I

Caloosahatchee River - E. Lee County Line to South Florida Water Management District Structure 79.

Human Use 2 Class-II

Charlotte Harbor.

Matanzas Pass, Hurricane Bay, and Hell Peckish (Peckney) Bay - From San Carlos Bay to a line from Estero Island through the southernmost tip of the unnamed island south of Julies Island, northeastward to the southernmost point of land in section 27, T46S, R24E.

Matlacha Pass - Charlotte Harbor to San Carlos Bay.

Pine Island Sound - Charlotte Harbor to San Carlos Bay.

San Carlos Bay - From a line from point Ybel to Bodwitch Point northward to a line from the eastern point at the mouth of Punta Blanca Creek, southeast through the southern point of Big Shell Island to the mainland and westward to Pine Island Sound.

37. Leon County - none.

38. Levy County

Human Use 2 Class-II

Coastal Waters and Tidal Creeks - Within the county excluding:

- a) the mouth of the Suwanne River, and its passes;
- b) Alligator Pass to a line connecting the seawardmost points of the islands connecting Alligator Pass with the Gulf;
- c) Cedar Key area - from SR 24 bridge at the northernmost point of Rye Key, southwestward to the northernmost point of Gomez Key, then southward to the westernmost point of Seahorse Key, then along the southern shoreline of Seahorse Key to its easternmost point, then northeastward to the southernmost point of Atsena Otie Key, then northward along the eastern shoreline of Atsena Otie Key to its northeasternmost point, then northward to the southernmost point of Dog Island, northwestward to the westernmost point of Scale Key, northwestward to the boundary marker piling, then northward to the point of beginning;
- d) the mouth of the Withlacoochee River.

39. Liberty County - none.

40. Madison County - none.

41. Manatee County

Human Use 1 Class-I

Manatee River - From Rye Bridge Road to the sources thereof, including but not limited to the following tributaries: the East Fork of the Manatee River, the North Fork of the Manatee River, Boggy Creek, Gilley Creek, Poley Branch, Corbit Branch, Little Deep Branch, Fisher Branch, Ft.Crawford Creek, Webb Branch, Clearwater Branch, Craig Branch, and Guthrey Branch.

Lake Evers (Ward Lake) and Braden River - City of Bradenton Water Treatment Dam to SR 675, excluding upland cut irrigation or drainage ditches and including the following tributaries:

Tributary	Upstream Limit(s)
a. Rattlesnake Slough	Lockwood Ridge Road in Section 28, Township 35 South, Range 18 East.
b. Cedar Creek	
West Branch	Whitfield Avenue in Section 27, Township 35 South, Range 18 East.
Central Branch	Country Club Way in Section 34, Township 35 South, Range 18 East.
East Branch	To a point where an east-west line lying 1200 feet south of the section line

between Sections 23 and 26 (Township tributary).

- c. Cooper Creek  
West Branch  
(Foley Branch) South Boundary of Section 1, Township 36 South, Range 18 East.
- East Branch East Boundary of Section 31, Township 35 South, Range 19 East.
- d. Nonsense Creek To a point where an east-west line lying 800 feet North of the section line between Sections 14 and 23 (Township 35 South, Range 18 East) crosses the creek.
- e. Hickory Hamock To a point where an east-west line lying 1000 feet South of the section line between Sections 17 and 20 (Township 35 South, Range 19 East) crosses the creek.
- f. Wolf Slough East Boundary of Section 16, Township 35 South, Range 19 East.
- g. Unnamed Tributary 1 To a point where an east-west line lying 2300 feet south of the section line between Sections 21 and 28 (Township 35 South, Range 19 East) crosses the tributary.
- h. Unnamed Tributary 2 East Boundary of Section 14, Township 35 South, Range 19 East.
- i. Unnamed Tributary 3 West Boundary of Section 25, Township 35 South, Range 19 East.
- j. Unnamed Tributary 4 To a point where a north-south line lying 200 feet East of the section line between Sections 23 and 24 (Township 35 South, Range 19 East) crosses the tributary.

Human Use 2 Class-II

Gulf and Coastal Waters of Tampa Bay - (Including, but not limited to Terra Ceia Bay, Perico Bayou, Palma Sola Bay, and Sarasota Bay),excluding waters northward of a line from the southern shore of the mouth of Little Redfish Creek northwesterly through the red marker(approximately one nautical mile away) to the county line; Manatee River upstream of a line from Emerson Pt. to Mead Pt.

Gulf Waters - North of 27° 31' N. Lat.

42. Marion County - none

43. Martin County

Human Use 1 Class-I

Lake Okeechobee.

- Human Use 2 Class-II
44. Great Pocket - St. Lucie River to Peck's Lake.  
Indian River - N. Martin County Line south to the mouth of St. Lucie Inlet, east of the Intracoastal Waterway Channel centerline.  
Loxahatchee River - West of the Florida East Coast Railroad Bridge including Southwest, Northwest, and North Forks.  
Monroe County
- Human Use 2 Class-II
45. Monroe County Coastline - From Collier and Dade County Lines southward to and including that part of Florida Bay within Everglades National Park.  
Nassau County
- Human Use 2 Class-II
46. Alligator Creek.  
Nassau River and Creek - From the mouth of Nassau Sound (a line connecting the northeasternmost point of Little Talbot Island to the southeasternmost point of Amelia Island) westerly to Seymore Point.  
South Amelia River - Nassau River north to a line from the northern shore of the mouth of Alligator Creek to the northernmost shore of Harrison creek.  
Waters between South Amelia River and Alligator Creek.  
Okaloosa County
- Human Use 2 Class-II
47. Choctahatchee Bay and Tributaries - From a line from White Point southwesterly through Fl. Light Marker 2 of the Intracoastal Waterway, eastward to the county line, including East Pass.  
Rocky Bayou - Choctahatchee Bay (from a line extending due east from Shirk Point) to Rocky Creek.  
Santa Rosa Sound - From a north-south line through Manatee Point west to the Santa Rosa County Line.  
Okeechobee County
- Human Use 1 Class-I
48. Lake Okeechobee.  
Orange County - none.
49. Osceola County - none.
50. Palm Beach County
- Human Use 1 Class-I
- Canal C-18 (freshwater portion).  
City of West Palm Beach Water Catchment Area.  
Clear Lake, Lake Mangonia, and the waterway connecting them.  
Lake Okeechobee.  
M-Canal - L-8 to Lake Mangonia.
- Human Use 2 Class-II
- Canal C-18 - Salinity barrier to Loxahatchee River.  
Loxahatchee River - Upstream of Florida East Coast railroad bridge including Southwest, Northwest, and North Forks.

- 51. Pasco County - none.
- 52. Pinellas County

Human Use 2 Class-II

Old Tampa Bay, Mobbly Bay and Tampa Bay - South and westward to Sunshine Skyway (SR 55), except Safety Harbor north of an east-west line through Phillipi Point.

Tampa Bay and Gulf waters - West of Sunshine Skyway (SR 55), excluding waters north of SR 682 and waters that are both west of Pinellas Bayway and north of an east-west line through the southernmost point of Pine Key.

- 53. Polk County - none.
- 54. Putnam County - none.
- 55. St. Johns County

Human Use 2 Class-II

Guano River and Tributaries - From Guano Lake Dam south to Tolomato River.

Matanzas River, Intracoastal Waterway and Tributaries, excluding Treasure Beach Canal System - From Intracoastal Waterway Marker number 29, south to Flagler County Line.

Pellicer Creek.

Salt Run - Waters south of an east-west line connecting Lighthouse Park boat ramp with Conch Island.

Tolomato River (North River) and Tributaries - From a line connecting Spanish Landing to Booth Landing, south to an east-west line through Intracoastal Waterway Marker number 55.

- 56. St. Lucie County

Human Use 2 Class-II

Indian River - From Middle Point south to S. St. Lucie County Line, east of Intracoastal Waterway Channel centerline.

Indian River - N. St. Lucie County Line south to an east-west line through the southern point of Fishhouse Cove.

- 57. Santa Rosa County

Human Use 2 Class-II

Blackwater Bay - From a line connecting Robinson's Point to Broad River south to East Bay (line due west from Escribao Point).

East Bay and Tributaries - Blackwater Bay (line due west from Escribano Point) southerly to Pensacola Bay (line from Garcon Point on the north to Redfish Point on the south).

Escambia Bay - Louisville and Nashville Railroad Trestle south to Pensacola Bay (Line from Emanuel Point east northeasterly to Garcon Point).

Pensacola Bay - East of a line connecting Emanuel Point on the north to the south end of the Pensacola Bay Bridge (U.S. Highway 98).

Santa Rosa Sound - From a line connecting Gulf Breeze approach to Pensacola Beach, (Bascule Bridge), and Sharp Point, east to Santa Rosa/Okaloosa County line with exception of the Navarre Beach area

- from a north-south line through Channel Marker 106 eastward to Navarre Beach Toll Road.
58. Sarasota County  
Human Use 1 Class-I  
Big Slough Canal - South to U.S. 41.  
Cooper Creek (Foley Branch) upstream to the South boundary of Section 1, Township 36 South, Range 18 East.  
Myakka River - From the Manatee County line southwesterly through Upper and Lower Myakka Lakes to Manhattan Farms (north line of Section 6 T39S, R20E).  
Human Use 2 Class-II  
Lemon Bay - From a line eastward from the northern shore of the mouth of Forked Creek south to Charlotte County Line.  
Myakka River - From the western line of section 35, T39S, R20E south to Charlotte County Line.  
Sarasota Bay - West of the Intracoastal Waterway Channel centerline.
59. Seminole County - none.
60. Sumter County - none.
61. Suwannee County - none.
62. Taylor County  
Human Use 7 Class-V  
Fenholloway River. Repealed effective December 31, 1997.
63. Union County - none.
64. Volusia County  
Human Use 2 Class-II  
Indian River North, Indian River Lagoon, and Mosquito Lagoon From an east-west line through Intracoastal Waterway Channel Marker 57 south to S. Volusia County Line.  
Indian River - North of County Line.
65. Wakulla County  
Human Use 2 Class-II  
Coastal Waters and Tributaries - From Jefferson County Line westward with the exception of Spring Creek and the portion of King Bay (Dickerson Bay) west and north of a line from the westernmost tip of Porter Island south to Hungry Point, and Walker Creek north of a line from Live Oak Point southwest across the Creek to the closest tip of Shell Point.
66. Walton County  
Human Use 2 Class-II  
Choctawhatchee Bay and Tributaries - Except waters north of a line from Alaqua Point to Wheeler Point.
67. Washington County  
Human Use 1 Class-I  
Econfina Creek.

Specific Authority 403.061, 403.062, 403.087, 403.088, 403.504, 403.704, 403.804 FS.  
Law Implemented 403.021, 403.061, 403.087, 403.088, 403.141, 403.161, 403.182,

403.502, 403.504, 403.702, 403.708 FS. History - Formerly 28-5.06, 17-3.06, Amended and Renumbered 3-1-79, Amended 1-1-83, 2-1-83, Formerly 17-3.081, Amended 4-25-93, Formerly 17-302.400, Amended 12-26-96, 8-24-00, 12-7-06, - -09.

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